**Ch. 12 Vocab.**

**Reconstruction –** program implemented by the federal government between 1865 and 1877 to repair damage to the South caused by the Civil War and restore the southern states to the Union

**Radical Republican –** a member of Congress who believed Confederates’ slavery and secession were criminal and should be punished

**black code –** law passed in southern states restricting the freedoms of African Americans

**Civil Rights Act of 1866 –** passed to overturn black codes; vetoed by President Johnson

**Freedmen’s Bureau –** organization that provided food, clothing, healthcare, and education for black and white refugees in the South

**Fourteenth Amendment –** guarantees equality under the law for all citizens

**impeach –** an action Congress takes by charging the President with wrongdoing and putting him on trial to see whether he should be removed from office

**Fifteenth Amendment –** forbids any state to deny the right to vote on the basis of race, color, or previous condition of servitude

**scalawag –** a negative term for a southern white man who was invited to join the Republican Party after the war

**carpetbagger –** a negative term for a northern white or black man who relocated to the South after war

**segregation –** separation of the races

**integration –** combination of the races

**sharecropping –** a system in which a landowner determined the crop and provided a worker with a place to live, seeds, tools, and a share of the harvest

**share-tenancy –** similar to sharecropping, but the worker decided the crop and bought his own supplies

**tenant farming –** a system in which a tenant paid cash rent to the landowner and was free to choose and manage his own crop

**Enforcement Acts –** 1870 & 1871 laws made it a federal offense to interfere with a citizen’s right to vote

**Redeemer –** southern, white Democrat who returned to power after 1870

**Compromise of 1877 –** resolved the contested presidential election of 1876 by giving Hayes the presidency in return for withdrawing the remaining federal troops from the South

**Andrew Johnson-** The U.S. President who followed Lincoln and favored many of his policies.

**Rutherford B. Hayes-** The U.S. President who was a Union general in the Civil War.